





## **CONTENTS**

		<b>VOCABULARY</b>	<b>GRAMMAR IN USE</b>	READING
1	BUSY BEES pp. 5-16	<ul><li>hobbies/free time activities</li><li>character traits</li></ul>	<ul> <li>present simple</li> <li>present continuous</li> <li>stative verbs</li> <li>infinitive/-ing form</li> </ul>	an article about selfies (4-option multiple choice)
2	AROUND THE WORLD pp. 17-28	<ul><li>travel/transport</li><li>weather</li><li>holiday accommodation</li><li>holiday problems</li></ul>	<ul> <li>past simple</li> <li>past continuous</li> <li>used to – would</li> <li>exclamations</li> <li>adjectives/order of adjectives</li> </ul>	a personal account of a journey (missing sentences)
3	OUT AND ABOUT pp. 29-40	<ul><li>places in a city</li><li>shopping</li><li>clothes</li></ul>	<ul> <li>present perfect</li> <li>present perfect vs past simple</li> <li>have been/gone to</li> <li>present perfect continuous</li> <li>comparisons</li> <li>adverbs/orders of adverbs</li> </ul>	a website about shops (multiple matching)
4	I GET IT! pp. 41-52	<ul><li>education</li><li>school subjects</li><li>people in education</li></ul>	<ul><li>past perfect</li><li>relative pronouns/adverbs</li><li>relative clauses</li></ul>	an article about teachers (matching headings to paragraphs)
5	TIP-TOP TECH! pp. 53-64	<ul><li>technology</li><li>communication</li><li>text speak</li></ul>	<ul> <li>will/be going to</li> <li>present simple/present continuous (future meaning)</li> <li>future continuous</li> <li>time clauses</li> </ul>	an article about robots (T/F statements)
6	WHAT'S COOKING? pp. 65-76	<ul><li>food &amp; cooking</li><li>healthy living &amp; health</li></ul>	<ul> <li>modal verbs</li> <li>modals in the past</li> <li>modals of deduction</li> <li>articles</li> <li>nouns</li> <li>quantifiers</li> </ul>	a blog entry about cooking shows (sentence completion)
7	LIGHTS, CAMERA, ACTION! pp. 77-88	<ul><li>entertainment &amp; art</li><li>films</li><li>TV</li><li>music</li><li>literature</li></ul>	<ul><li>the passive</li><li>the causative</li><li>question tags</li></ul>	an article about a film (4-option multiple choice)
8	BLUE PLANET, GREEN PLANET pp. 89-100	<ul><li>environmental problems &amp; solutions</li><li>nature</li></ul>	<ul> <li>conditionals (types 0, 1, 2, 3)</li> <li>too/enough</li> <li>types of comparisons</li> </ul>	a forum post about making cities bird-friendly (3-option multiple choice)
	READY, STEADY, GO! pp. 101-112	<ul><li>sports &amp; equipment</li><li>sports venues</li><li>injuries</li></ul>	<ul><li> clauses of contrast</li><li> clauses of result</li><li> clauses of reason</li></ul>	a social media post about a gym (open ended questions; multiple choice)
10	GETTING DOWN TO BUSINESS! pp. 113-124	<ul><li>jobs and workplaces</li><li>job qualities</li><li>work</li></ul>	<ul> <li>reported speech – reported statements</li> <li>reported questions</li> <li>indirect questions</li> </ul>	a job forum (multiple matching)

Review (1-10) pp.125-135 CLIL (1-10) pp.136-145 Exam Practice pp.146-155 Grammar Reference pp.156-173 (GR1-GR18) Word List pp.174-188 American English – British English Guide p.189 Pronunciation p. 190 Punctuation p. 191 Irregular Verbs p. 192



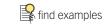
LISTENING	SPEAKING	WRITING	
<ul> <li>an interview about an unusual hobby (3-option multiple choice)</li> <li>intonation in compound nouns</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>introducing yourself (asking for &amp; giving personal information)</li> <li>personal questions</li> </ul>	an informal email making suggestions (Writing tip: prompts; informal style; making suggestions)	VALUES           Unit 1 Character         p. 7           Unit 2 Travel         p. 19           Unit 3 Smart shopping         p. 30           Unit 4 Education         p. 43
<ul> <li>a monologue about a bad travel experience (T/F statements)</li> <li>intonation in exclamations</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>narrating an experience – expressing interest surprise</li> <li>describing a photo</li> </ul>	a story with a given first sentence (Writing tip: 1st/3rd person narrative; tenses; time words; adjectives; setting the scene)	Unit 5 Science p. 55 Unit 6 Good diet p. 67 Unit 7 The arts p. 79 Unit 8 Taking action p. 91 Unit 9 Sport p.103 Unit 10 Teamwork p.115  CULTURE
<ul> <li>short dialogues/monologues about shopping (multiple choice based on visual prompts)</li> <li>intonation: stress shift</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>complaining about a product</li> <li>discussing alternatives and negotiating agreement</li> </ul>	an article describing a place (Writing tip: beginning/ending techniques; title writing)	Unit 1 Leaving home p. 16 Unit 2 Travel habits p. 18 Unit 3 Coins in the UK p. 40 Unit 4 Educational TV p. 42 Unit 5 Robot Wars p. 54 Unit 6 Take away food in the UK p. 66
<ul> <li>dialogues about education (3-option multiple choice)</li> <li>intonation: sentence stress</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>expressing opinion – agreeing/disagreeing</li> <li>explaining a choice (follow-up questions)</li> </ul>	a letter to the editor based on prompts (Writing tip: formal style; supporting details)	Unit 7 British honours p. 78 Unit 8 Volunteers in Australia p. 91 Unit 9 England's national sport p.102 Unit 10 A traditional British job p.115 MEDIATION
<ul><li>a monologue about texting (gap fill)</li><li>interjections</li></ul>	<ul><li>talking on the phone</li><li>for and against arguments</li></ul>	a for-and-against essay (Writing tip: topic sentences)	Unit 1 Present a person who does amazing activities for charity p. 12 Unit 2 Give a summary of a story p. 24 Unit 3 Present your monthly budget sheet p. 40 Unit 4 Explain unknown vocabulary p. 43
<ul> <li>a monologue about healthy living (3-option multiple choice)</li> <li>pronunciation: strong and weak forms</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>asking for/giving advice – accepting/ rejecting advice</li> <li>role playing</li> </ul>	an informal email giving advice (Writing tip: prompts; introduction; providing results)	Unit 5 Mime feelings using body language p. 55 Unit 6 Explain a graph p. 67 Unit 7 Tell a friend what makes a film special p. 79 Unit 8 Design a poster p. 91
<ul> <li>short announcements/messages about the arts and entertainment (multiple choice)</li> <li>intonation in question tags</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>making a recommendation</li> <li>discussion (responding to what you hear)</li> </ul>	a review of a film (Writing tip: negative review)	Unit 9 Mediate a disagreement during a game p.112 Unit 10 Report statements to others p.117 LIFE SKILLS Unit 1 How can we develop strong
<ul> <li>short dialogues about the environment (3-option multiple choice)</li> <li>intonation in conditionals</li> </ul>	<ul><li>persuading</li><li>asking for clarification</li></ul>	an essay providing solutions to problems (Writing tip: providing results)	family relationships? p. 16  Unit 3 How can we budget money? p. 40  Unit 5 How can we avoid scams on social media? p. 64  Unit 7 How can we solve problems? p. 88
<ul> <li>short utterances about sport (3-option multiple choice)</li> <li>pronunciation: diphthongs</li> </ul>	<ul><li>asking for/giving information</li><li>collaboration</li></ul>	an article describing a person (Writing tip: describing physical appearance/ character)	Unit 9 How can we be a good sport? p.112  PRESENTATION SKILLS  Unit 2 Present a visit to a tourist destination p. 28  Unit 4 Present a school with
<ul> <li>a monologue about a reality TV business programme (T/F/DS)</li> <li>intonation: indirect questions</li> </ul>	<ul><li>attending a job interview</li><li>speculating</li></ul>	an informal email giving information (Writing tip: rubrics with multiple points; use of tenses; register)	a difference p. 52  Unit 6 Present how to get a good night's sleep p. 76  Unit 8 Present an interesting environmental volunteer group p.100  Unit 10 Present your dream job p.124
	^	<u> </u>	p. 124





















# BUSY BEES

### OBJECTIVES

hobbies; free-time activities; character traits; an article about settles (4-option multiple choice)

present simple; present continuous; stative verbs; infinitive; -ing form an article about selfies (4-option multiple choice) present simple, present continuous, stative verus, minimize, and an interview about an unusual hobby (3-option multiple choice) an interview about an unusual nobby (3-option multiple choice) introducing yourself (asking for & giving personal information) Vocabulary: Reading: Grammar:

an informal email making suggestions Listening:

present a person who does amazing activities for charity Everyday English: leaving home Writing:

How can we develop strong family relationships? Culture: Mediation: character

Values: Life Skills:





Watch the video. Make notes, then prepare questions to ask your classmates.



Watch the video. Who said that customs are the guide of human life?

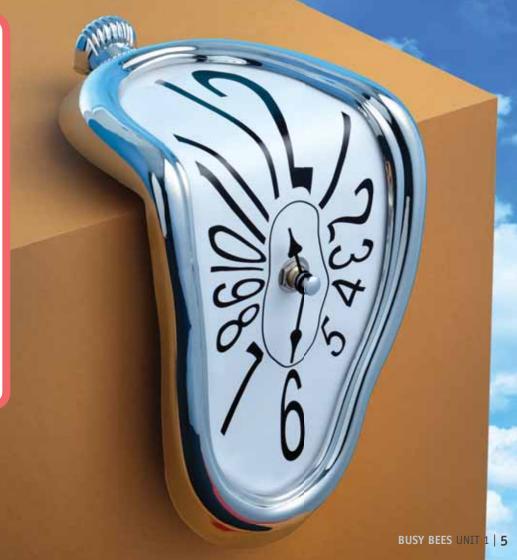
- David Hume
- **b** Aristotle



How important are routines and daily habits to you? Why? Tell the class. You can use the words from the list.

- essential unimportant
- necessary helpful
- enjoyable dull

Routines and daily habits are essential to me because ...



## **MREADING**

Watch the video. Where is the 'capital of selfies' Miami, Makati City or Manhattan?

a) Look at the selfies below. What can you tell about the people in them? Discuss with your partner.

Which two things are important in selfies? Listen and read to find out.



owadays, everyone takes selfies, from famous actors and politicians, to normal everyday people. Selfies are a great way to share your hobbies and daily routines, and thanks to smartphones and their high-quality cameras, anyone can take and upload these images on social media. But is there more to selfies than just showing your holidays or your new clothes? According to research, our selfies and how we take them also says a lot about our character. A lot more than most people think!

Watch the video. Make notes and prepare a short quiz.

Researchers found that both the poses that we choose and the way that we actually take a selfie can show the world things that we might not realise. For example, selfies that consist of popular poses can be full of extra information. People who like to make the 'duck face' or pout may be in a bad mood, while those that stick their tongues out could be fun-loving and silly, but might actually feel uncomfortable in front of the camera.

THOUSAND

Even how often we smile in our selfies, and the way we smile, tells people about our character. Someone who smiles a lot is more likely to be **outgoing** and open to new experiences while someone with a large broad smile may be a risk-taker. It's not just our expression, though, that gives away things about us. Our eyes can too! For example, people who look directly at the camera could be cooperative and sociable.

The position of the camera is also important. In fact, how people view you as a person can depend on it. Studies found that showing the left side of the face and cheek in a selfie communicates emotions better and makes people seem more attractive to others. People who take a selfie from below often want to appear bigger and stronger, while those taking a picture from above looking down, could want to appear shorter and sweeter.

It's amazing to think that a simple selfie tells the world so much about your character. Next time you grab your smartphone, hold on for a moment and think about what your next post is really saying about you!

#### CHECK THESE WORDS

research, character, realise, consist of, pout, stick your tongue out, experience, emotion, attractive, grab





#### Multiple choice questions

Quickly read through the text and the question stems (not the possible answers). Read the text again carefully and underline the parts which answer each question. Now look at the four options and decide which one best answers each question. Make sure your answer is mentioned in the text and not just generally true. Remember all the answer options will be written differently from what is in the text.

- Read the text in Ex. 2b and the questions below. For each question, choose the correct answer A, B, C or D.
  - 1 Most people like to take selfies in order to
    - A copy their favourite celebrities.
    - **B** learn about their personality.
    - c enjoy their smartphones.
    - **D** show their friends what they're doing.
  - 2 What can a pout show about a person?
    - **A** They like to have a good time.
    - **B** They have a sense of humour.
    - **C** They feel annoyed or worried.
    - **D** They don't feel confident being photographed.
  - 3 People who get on well with others often
    - A like smiling in photographs.
    - **B** face the camera during a photo.
    - c have very obvious smiles.
    - **D** control their body language.
  - **4** What is the reason that people take photographs from a low position?
    - **A** to look more powerful
    - **B** to help express their feelings
    - **c** to appear more beautiful
    - **D** to seem less scary
  - **5** What advice might the writer give selfie takers?

Think about your poses if you don't want to reveal your character.

Always look to your left in selfies.

Don't think too much before taking selfies.

Try lots of different angles for the best picture.

Do you agree with the points about selfies in the text? Do you think we judge people fairly by their selfies? Why/Why not?

VALUES
Beauty is in the eye of the beholder.
Discuss.

#### **VOCABULARY**

- Look at the adjectives in bold in the text and match them to their synonyms below. Check in your dictionary.
  - helpful not serious cheerful friendly
  - embarrassed
- How much do you know about taking selfies?
  Choose the correct word to complete the sentences. Then tick (✓) which of the things in the list you do.



- 7 Choose the correct preposition.
  - 1 It's a good idea to think **about/for** what you post online.
  - 2 According **to/by** experts, selfies tell us a lot about people.
  - **3** The position **in/of** the camera when you take a photo is important.
  - 4 A selfie can give **out/away** a lot of information.
  - **5** Can you hold **on/in** for a minute? I want to take a photo.
  - **6** What people think of you can depend **in/on** the photos you post online.
  - 7 The Internet is full **of/with** amazing photos and selfies.

#### **SPEAKING**

Bring in print-outs of your own favourite selfies to show your classmates. How would you describe each other based on the text in Ex. 2b?

# by vocabulary

#### HOBBIES/ FREE-TIME ACTIVITIES

1	F	ill in: c	do, m	ake, g	go <b>,</b> pla	iy <b>,</b> ha	ive, t	ake.	Check i	n y	our
	d	iction	ary.								

1	skills, friends over, a chat
2	up a hobby, photos, a rest
3	athletics, extreme sports, parkour
4	shopping, mountain climbing, bungee
	jumping, to the cinema, slacklining, rollerblading, zorbing
5	in a band, video games, a musical
	instrument, chess, cards
6	models, jewellery, ceramics

a) Complete the gaps with: build, interact, combine, transform, improve, take part, allow, work out in the correct form

work out in the correct form.					
Q hobbies 😣					
Тор	Accounts Tags				
(P) <sub>A</sub>	#May I do my hobby at home and it  1) me to be creative and 2) my skills in the kitchen.				
B	#Scott I love music, but I don't play an instrument. Instead I 3) my voice into a drum machine. I get to 4) in contests, too.				
(E)	#Jane I love Latin music and I'm crazy about dancing and 5) in the gym. Luckily for me, my hobby  6) all those things!				
D	#David  My hobby lets me 7)  with technology and learn how it works. I also 8) things.				

b) Match the people (A-D) in Ex. 2a to their hobby (1-7) below. Three are extra.

1 Photography	<b>5</b> Ballet
2 Baking	6 Robotics
3 Zumba	7 Beatboxing
4 Karaoke	

#### **CHARACTER TRAITS**

a) Look up the adjectives in your dictionary.

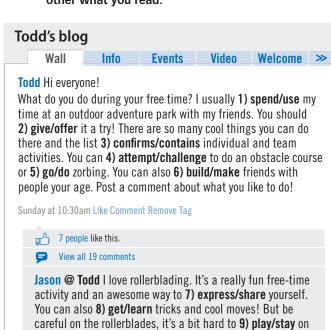
Match them to what the people say.

<ol> <li>talented</li> <li>easygoing</li> <li>patient</li> </ol>	<ul><li>4 creative</li><li>5 sensible</li><li>6 organised</li></ul>
A I really enjoy art and I like using my imagination.	People say that I'm B really good at my hobby and have a lot of skill.
I'm very relaxed and like to take things easy.	I don't do dangerous things.
I don't mind waiting for things and I don't get bored easily.	I like to know where everything is.

b) Use the adjectives in Ex. 3a and the hobbies/free-time activities in Exs. 1 & 2b to make sentences as in the example.

I'm quite sensible so I don't do things like extreme sports.

Student A, read the blog post while Student B reads the comments. Choose the correct option for each section. Then, tell each other what you read.



Jane @ Todd my favourite activity might not 10) involve/interest everyone, but it's fun. I like to go to escape rooms! Inside an escape room you have to 11) collect/take clues to find the way out. Don't take too long to 12) make/decide your decisions though, there's a time limit to solve the puzzles!

your feet at first!

### **■ GRAMMAR IN USE** 9

PRESENT SIMPLE/CONTINUOUS - STATIVE VERBS (pp. GR1-GR2)



Jim: Hey, Mark. Look at this.

Mark: Nice! What's that?

It's a photo from the local comic con. You know, the meeting of comic superhero fans that happens every year and is becoming more and more popular. In fact, this year's comic con is happening next week at the Lewis Street Convention Centre. If you want to come. (I'm thinking) of inviting Terry, too.

Mark: (I think) it looks cool, but I don't know much about it. Does everyone wear a costume?

Jim: No, they don't. Those are cosplayers. Cosplay is a really cool hobby where you pretend to be your favourite superhero.

Mark: Nice! Do you and your brother usually go?

Jim: Yes, we do. Actually, we go to a cosplay club every weekend. We're making costumes for this year's comic con these days. Ben wants to be Spider-Man. He is researching his outfit at the moment. He is always excited before comic con.

Yeah, I'm sure! Well, I <u>love</u> comics, so OK. Let's go together. I'm not doing anything then. Mark:

Jim: Awesome! It **starts** at 3 pm on Friday so let's meet at 2.

- Read the dialogue. What is a cosplayer?
- Identify the tenses in bold in the dialogue. How do we form each tense? Match the verbs in bold to their uses:
  - permanent state temporary situations
  - actions happening at the time of speaking
  - changing situations repeated actions habits
  - fixed arrangements for the near future timetables
  - · actions happening around the time of speaking
- Put the verbs into the present simple or present continuous. Give reasons.

A.	is form studying (form):	study) at nome now?
B:	No. He	(have) Zumba class at
	4 pm every day.	
A:		(Julie/listen) to that loud
	music upstairs?	
B:	Yes. She	(always/play) the
	radio at full volume!	
A:		_(you/stay) at home today?
B:	Yes, unfortunately. It _	(rain) a
	lot at this time of year.	
A:		(Mary/usually/make)
	such nice models?	
	B: A: B: A: B:	4 pm every day.  A:

\_\_\_\_\_ (improve)

Look at the highlighted adverbs of frequency in the dialogue. When and how do we use them in a sentence?

B: Yes, and her skills \_\_\_

every day!

- Use the ideas from Ex. 1, p. 8, to talk about your free-time activities. Use: always, usually, often, sometimes, rarely, never.
- A: I always go shopping in my free time. Sometimes I ... .
- B: I usually have friends over in my free time ....

- Look at the underlined verbs in the dialogue. Do they have a continuous form? Why/Why not?
- $\zeta$  Put the verbs in brackets into the correct tense. Then ask and answer questions, as in the example.

	Marine Company of the
	ENTERTAINMENT PLUS
	Home About Us Contact Us Search
6	That's News to me!  Meet Martin. During the day Martin 1) works (work) for the council, but at the weekends he 2)

'Does Martin work for the council?' 'Yes, he does.'

- What do you like doing at weekends? What are you doing this weekend? Discuss.
- Look at the circled verbs in the dialogue. How does their meaning differ?
  - b) Use the verbs in bold in the correct form.

1	а	I'm sorry but I don't see (not/see) what you mean.
	b	(you/see) Beth tonight?
2	а	Chris(have) a new hobby.
	b	Lucy(have) a party tonight.
3	а	Rob(look) at new watches.
	b	You (look) rather upset.

# d og GRAMMAR IN USE.

INFINITIVE/-ING FORM (pp. GR2-GR3)



#### FLASH MOBBING

Would you like to perform on stage or be a famous dancer? Maybe you **see celebrities dance** on TV and want to be a superstar yourself? If that sounds familiar then you might fancy giving flash mobbing a try! A flash mob is a large group of people who love meeting up secretly in public places to dance. The really fun thing about a flash mob is that the dancing is a total surprise that no one expects to happen! After all, you don't **see a crowd dancing** in the middle of the supermarket every day, so it's something you'll never forget experiencing! Flash mobbing isn't just a crazy stunt though, it's also a super fun free-time activity that everyone can try. So, next time you go to the mall you had better keep your eyes open and don't forget to have your phone camera ready. You never know when you might need it!

1	mo	Read the text and say what flash obbing is in a sentence.
2	a)	Read the text. Which verb form do we use after:
	1	like/love/enjoy/hate/don't mind + -ing
	2	suggest/avoid/fancy +
	3	would like/would love/would prefer +
	4	want/decide/ask/expect/hope/plan +
	5	can/should/must/might +
	6	make/let/had better/would rather +
	b)	Look at the phrases in bold in the text. Which describes: a complete action? an incomplete action?
3	Pu	t the verbs into the correct form.
1	In a	addition to <i>trying</i> <b>(try)</b> slacklining you can also do zorbing.
2		eguards prevent(run) by the pool as dangerous.
3		e adventure centre advises us <b>pok)</b> our activities before we arrive.

Use the verbs in box A and the phrases in box B to talk about your free-time activities, as in the example.

5 Bob is eager \_\_\_\_\_(go) rollerblading this

Imagine \_\_\_\_\_(climb) Mount Everest.

(tell) you the truth I do feel guite tired.

A

- likehate
- would love

afternoon.

- not mind
- hope
- think about
- must

- В
  - visit (an) adventure park
  - do extreme sports
  - try mountain biking
  - go ziplining

work out

- go to an escape room
- go rollerblading
- take part in contests
- do parkour

A: I like visiting adventure parks. B: I would love to do parkour.

5	a)	Look at the underlined verb forms in the
		text How do they differ in meaning?

- b) Put the verbs in brackets into the *to-* infinitive or *-ing* form. Explain the difference in meaning.
- 1 a Remember to take (take) your bag to the gym, Lewis.b Karen remembers last \_\_\_\_\_\_\_
- (see) her skateboard in the garden.2 a Jack means \_\_\_\_\_\_ (build)
- a robot to help his mum clean the house.**b** Being good at ceramics means \_\_\_\_\_\_
- (work) hard and practising a lot.3 a You should try \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(run)
  - to keep fit. **b** Jason tries \_\_\_\_\_\_ (spend)

#### TRANSFORMATIONS (Review)

6 Complete the second sentence using no more than three words.

as much time outdoors as he can.

- 1 Could you please sign me up for the ballet class, too? Would you mind *signing me up* for the ballet class, too?
- **2** Karen is thinking of joining the robotics club.

Karen wants \_\_\_\_\_ the robotics club.

3 You can learn a lot easily on a field trip.

It's easy \_\_\_\_\_\_ a lot on a field trip.

4 Selfies are really fun and a great way to share your

hobbies.

In addition to \_\_\_\_\_ fun, selfies are a great way to share your hobbies.

5 We spend hours deciding what to do every weekend.

It takes us hours \_\_\_\_\_ what to do every weekend.

Katie always sings loudly during her karaoke game and it really annoys me.
 Katie is \_\_\_\_\_\_ loudly

during her karaoke game.

#### PHRASAL VERBS (related to hobbies)

join in: to become involved in an activity hang out: to spend time with someone

try sth out: to do sth for the first time to see if you like it

sign up: to join a group or activity as a member stay in: to remain at home instead of going out calm down: to relax and feel less stressed

 $\checkmark$  Fill in the gaps with phrasal verbs from the box above in the correct form. Compare with your

<b>S</b>
Jill

Hey, Anna! Are you 1) \_\_\_\_ tonight?

> Yeah. I don't have any plans really. Any suggestions?





Actually, I have a new hobby, candle making. Would you like to come and 2) with my class at the club? It's really fun and we can with some of my classmates afterwards.

> Sure! It sounds like it might be fun. Can I 4) \_\_\_\_\_



first, to see if I like it?



Of course! You can do a one-week trial. You don't need to for the class right away.

Cool! Candles are really pretty.



Yes, and it's really relaxing. It helps me after a tough day.

Nice! I'm looking forward to it!



#### **PREPOSITIONS**

Fill in: of (x2), for, about, to, in. Check in your dictionary.

_	Tana da anamir	la	_
	when you want to meet new people.		
1	Having a hobby comes	ha	ndy

2 Jane is crazy \_\_\_\_ \_bungee jumping. 3 It's nice to be able to do something \_\_\_

fun at the weekend. 4 Building models of old planes really helps bring history

\_\_\_\_\_life.

**5** Robert is fond \_\_\_\_\_\_baking.

6 It's easy to get the hang \_\_\_\_\_zorbing.

#### WORD FORMATION (adjectives from verbs)

We add these suffixes to form adjectives from verbs:

-ive (create – creative) -able (read – readable) -ative (talk – talkative) -ent (differ – different)

3	Read the Word Formation box, then complete the
	gaps with the correct word derived from the
	words in brackets. Check in your dictionary.

1	Mountain climbing is a(n)	hobby; I
	love it! (EXCEL)	

3	Julie is an	girl who loves sports.	(ACT)

4 The training for my hobby is hard, but still . (MANAGE)

#### PHRASES WITH TIME

1	Fill in with: wastes, spending, lose, makes, havi						
1	Ellen loves	time with her friends.					
2	I love it here! I'm	the time of my life					
3	James always	time for his hobbies.					
4	It's easy toyou're having fun.	track of time when					
5	Paul	too much of his time online					

#### SUMMING UP



Looking for a new hobby? Are you fond 1) for/with/of/about walking? Then you should 2) give/to give/giving/gives hiking a go! Hiking is a fantastic free-time activity that offers a great way to 3) lose/send/waste/spend your time while enjoying the outdoors! What's cool is that unlike other outdoor activities it isn't very dangerous, so if you're a(n) 4) helpful/organised/ sensible/creative person, this might be the right activity for you. But don't get the wrong idea! Although it's not extreme, it isn't easy, either. Expect a good workout that can 5) involve/ improve/confirm/challenge even the best hiker at times.

Although it can be tough, it's still a great hobby to 6) bring/ turn/take/sign up at any age, as it's a great group activity and an ideal way to 7) make/build/do/bring new friends and meet people. Another nice thing about hiking is that unlike a lot of sports it isn't competitive and you aren't trying to beat anyone else. It's all about 8) setting/to set/set/sets yourself goals and reaching them. So, if you want to try a new free-time activity that 9) work/is working/works/are working up a sweat and gets you out of the house, try hiking and 10) offer/use/share/ have the time of your life!

# 7 LISTENING SKILLS

#### **MULTIPLE CHOICE**

#### Preparing for the task

- a) Read the question and the answer choices, paying attention to the underlined words. Think of words/phrases related to them.
- 1 What does <u>Jim like most</u> about doing parkour?
  - A the fact that it's free
  - **B** the <u>exercise benefits</u>
  - c the chance to meet others
  - b) Now read the script. Match the underlined phrases to the underlined phrases in Ex.1a. Which is the correct answer? Why might the other options be confusing?



Anna: Do you like parkour, Jim?

Oh, absolutely! I'm having a great time doing it. It's true that unlike other things it doesn't cost a penny to do, but that's not the real benefit. Anna: I guess it's a great way to keep fit, huh? It looks really challenging with all the jumps and flips.

Jim: That's true, but you can get that at the gym as well. It's the people that I love. I've made some amazing

friends.



#### **Predicting content**

Read the questions and the answer choices. Underline key words and think of synonymous words/phrases. Often, the information is paraphrased, so predicting the key vocabulary is important. Remember that you will hear words that relate to all the options, but only one answer is correct. Pay attention to who says the statement and the words around it. This will help you choose the correct answer.

- a) You will hear an interview with a girl called Jane Thomas. Read the questions (1-6) and underline the key words. What is the interview about?
  - 1 Jane first became interested in her hobby because
    - A her relatives already had an interest.
    - **B** she tried it when she was young.
    - **c** she came across it on social media.
  - 2 In the beginning lessons involve
    - A physical exercise and basic steps.
    - **B** using the rope at various heights.
    - **C** gym sessions every Monday to Friday.

- 3 What does Jane think is the most difficult thing for new learners?
  - A doing the gym programme
  - **B** dealing with scary situations
  - **C** concentrating during boring tasks
- 4 Why might people know Jane?
  - A She breaks lots of records.
  - **B** She does a lot of fundraising.
  - **C** She's always on television.
- **5** How does Jane feel about her hobby?
  - A Pleased that it helps make a difference for others.
  - **B** Fed up with how much training she does.
  - **C** Grateful that she gets to travel for it.
- 6 In the future, Jane plans to
  - A write her life story.
  - B run her own centre.
  - **c** open a charity.

Listen and for questions 1-6 in Ex. 2a choose the correct answer.

Listen to Ex. 2b again. Make notes. In your own words, tell your friend about what Jane does for charity and why.

What is another popular free-time activity/hobby that you could do to raise money for charity? Why is it a good idea?

#### INTONATION IN COMPOUND NOUNS

**Compound nouns** are nouns with two or more words. These words can be different or the same parts of speech (e.g. noun + verb - handmade, noun + noun - football etc). They can be joined together to make one word (paintbrush), two words (baking powder) or a hyphenated word (sing-

Whether it is one word, two words or hyphenated, the first part of the compound noun is usually stressed.

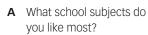
Match the words to form compound nouns. Which part in each compound noun is stressed? Listen, check and repeat.

1	J play	а	site
2	leisure	b	rope
3	obstacle	С	course
4	tight	d	activity
5	member	е	ground
6	camp	f	shin

### SPEAKING SKILLS 9

#### **EVERYDAY ENGLISH**

Introducing yourself (Asking for & Giving personal information)



**B** My name's Kim, nice to meet you.

C I usually go to the gym, but I also like paintballing.

**D** Where are you from?

E You're from Toronto too?

Scott: Hi, I'm Scott. I think you are in my science class.

Kim: Yes, I am. 1) \_\_\_\_\_

Scott: Nice to meet you too. 2) \_\_\_\_\_

Kim: I was born in Toronto, Canada, but I live here in Bristol

now. I just started school here last week.

Scott: Great! 3)

*Kim:* I love English and geography.

Scott: I like geography, too. In fact I love being outdoors, so it's

kind of my hobby too. What do you do at the weekend?

*Kim:* **4)** \_\_\_\_\_\_. It's really fun.

Scott: Awesome! I'd love to try paintballing one day.

*Kim:* You should come with me, I think you'd really like it.

Scott: Thanks! I'd love to!





a) Complete the dialogue. Use the sentences (A-E) in the list. One sentence is extra.

b) Listen to Ex. 1a and check your answers. What free-time activity does Kim invite Scott to try? Use the underlined words/phrases in exchanges of your own.

Act out a similar dialogue. Use phrases from the language box. Follow the diagram. Record yourselves.

#### Asking

**HOME** • Where are you from? • Are you from here? **STUDIES** • What school subjects do you like most?

• What's your favourite school subject?

HOBBIES & INTERESTS • What do you like doing in your free time?

• What do you do at the weekend? • What are your (other) hobbies?

#### Responding

**HOME** • I'm from/I come from ... • I was born in ...

**STUDIES** • I love ... • I'm interested in ...

HOBBIES & INTERESTS • I usually ... • I enjoy/like ...

• I'm keen on ... • I'm crazy about ... • I regularly take part in ...

#### В Say that you are and Greet B. Say B is in your class. introduce yourself. Ask where B is from. ≤ Reply. Ask B what school subjects ≤ Tell A which subjects they like most. you like most. Tell B that you like one of the ≤ Tell A what your subjects, too and ask B what hobbies are their hobbies are. Invite A to join you. Say you'd like to try one of B's hobbies. Thank B

#### **PERSONAL QUESTIONS**



In your everyday life you will often be asked questions that need factual and personal information (routines, personal details, likes and dislikes). When answering questions about yourself you should provide a little extra information to expand on your answer and not just give short answers.

Read the questions below. Listen to speakers A and B answering them and tick (/) the correct box (A or B).

Where are you from?
What do you like doing in your free time?
What are your other hobbies?

	What are your other hobbies?		
	Which speaker:	Α	В
1	uses short sentences?		
2	gives detailed answers and expands on their answers?		
3	speaks with some hesitation?		
4	uses a variety of grammar structures?		
5	uses rich language?		

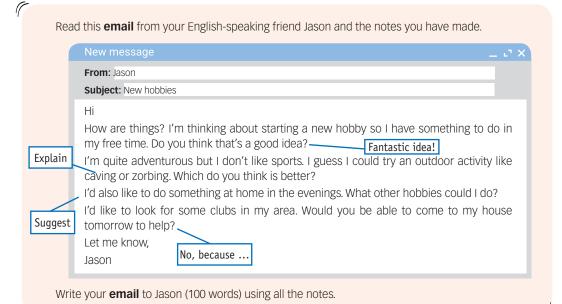
Work in pairs. Answer the questions in the box in Ex. 3. Use the questions (1-5) in Ex. 3 to evaluate your partner's performance.

# h 92 WRITING SKILLS ...

AN INFORMAL EMAIL MAKING SUGGESTIONS BASED ON PROMPTS

#### **RUBRIC ANALYSIS**

Read the rubric and underline the key words. Then answer the questions.





WRITING TIF

one.

When writing an email

based on prompts make

information about each

sure you cover all the prompts given. You should also give extra

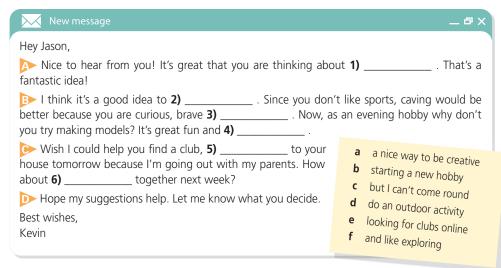
#### Informal style

Informal style consists of:

- everyday language and vocabulary How's it going?
- omission of pronouns Have to make a move.
- short verb forms won't, you're
- 1 Who are you writing to?
- 2 Why are you writing to them?
- **3** What points should you cover in your email?
- 4 What style should you write in?

#### MODEL ANALYSIS

a) Read the model email and complete the gaps with the missing phrases (a-f).



- b) Find examples of informal style in the model email.
- Read the model email in Ex. 2a again. What suggestions does Kevin make? What reasons does he give to support his suggestions? Complete the table.

	Suggestions		Reasons
1		Α_	
2		В_	



WRITING TIP

**Making suggestions** 

When making suggestions you should always support them with reasons or any possible results/consequences.



#### USEFUL LANGUAGE

#### Opening remarks

- Thank you/Thanks (so much) for your email.
- It's great/good/nice to hear that .../from you (again).

#### Giving opinion

I think it's a good/nice idea ... because/since ...

#### Making suggestions

- How/What about ... ?
- I think you would enjoy/ like ...
- You could/should ...
- Why don't you ...?/Why not do/try/go ...?

#### **Giving reasons**

- It's great/good fun and a nice/good way to ...
- ... would be better because/since ...

#### Closing remarks

- Let me know how things go/what you decide.
- Hope these ideas/my suggestions help.

What phrases does the writer use to introduce their suggestions in the model email in Ex. 2a. Replace them with similar ones from the Useful Language.

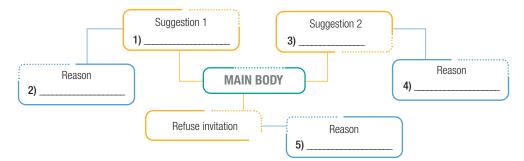
a) Read the rubric and underline the key words. Then answer the questions in Ex. 1.

Read this **email** from your English-speaking friend Mary and the notes you have made. From: Mary Subject: Weekend activities I'm thinking about looking for a free-time activity so that I have something to do at weekends. Do you think I should start something new? -Great idea! Explain I'm athletic, but I do a lot of sports already. So I want to try an activity like bungee jumping or tightrope walking. Which do you think is better? I'd also like to do something at home with my brother. What other hobby could we do together? I'd like to go to an activity centre one weekend to start what I pick. Would you like to come with Suggest me and try it too? Let me know, No, because ... Mary Write your email to Mary (100 words) using all the notes.

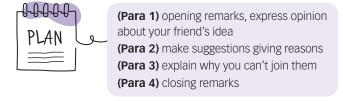
- b) Read the ideas below and decide what information you should include in your reply to Mary's email. Tick (/) the boxes.
- 1 which of the two activities is better
- what hobby Mary and her brother might enjoy
- 3 why a free-time activity is a good idea
- 4 why you enjoy doing your hobby
- 5 the phone number of the activity centre
- 6 why you can't come
- 7 what you're doing this weekend
- 8 how you feel about Mary's idea

#### **YOUR TURN**

6 Brainstorming: Before you start writing it is a good idea to brainstorm for ideas. Read the email in Ex. 5a and complete the spidergram.



Use your ideas from Ex. 6 and suitable phrases from the Useful Language to write your reply to Mary's email in Ex. 5a. Follow the plan.



#### CHECKLIST

When you have finished your email, check that you have:

- used appropriate style.
- given reasons/results for your suggestions.
- covered all the prompts.
- well-structured paragraphs & appropriate content.
- no spelling, grammar or punctuation mistakes.
- written the correct number of words.

### 97 LIFE SKILLS

HOW CAN WE DEVELOP STRONG FAMILY RELATIONSHIPS?

Watch the video and match the people (1-3) to the types of family (a-c).

Marco **a** Nuclear family

Janetb Extended familyToddc Single-parent family

Look at the list. Which of these things make strong family relationships? Choose and discuss. You can add your own ideas. Then read the text below and check your answers.

• Go on holiday together. • Ask to know our relatives' secrets. • Show love and affection.

• Share free-time activities/hobbies. • Communicate with each other. • Turn to our friends for help.

• Make up after arguments. • Share our problems.

Read the text. Put the paragraphs (A-D) in the correct order. Listen and check.

BLOOD is thicker than WATER (A) By doing these things we can make our families the best that they can be. After all, family is a wonderful gift that we have to take care of and shouldn't take for granted. It gives us friendship and love and is always there through thick and thin. Nothing else gives us the same joy in good times and helps us in difficult moments. As actor Michael J. Fox said, 'Family is not an important thing. It's everything.'

Another way to keep a family healthy is to be there for each other. It's important for us to share our problems and listen to what each other says. Communication is essential, but members of the family should also respect each other's private lives. It's also important to be kind to each other, especially when we are angry. Of course, arguments happen and can't be avoided, but after an argument we must always say sorry.

There are many types of families in the world, but one thing stays the same in all of them: family relationships. No matter what, the things that hold a family together don't change. At the heart of any family is love and friendship. How can we make these relationships stronger, though? The good news is that it's easier than you think!

One thing we can do is spend time together. There are lots of ways to do this both inside and outside the home. We can go on holiday together, and share free-time activities and hobbies. By choosing to spend our time together in these ways we can show our relatives how much we care about them.



Watch the video. Ask

your classmates what each type of family consists of.

In the UK the law says that anyone 18 years old can leave home and start their own life. It's common for many teenagers to do so when they go to university, however the average age for young people to leave home in the UK is actually 24 years old. How about your country?

**CHECK THESE WORDS** 

friendship, relative, communication, essential, respect, private, argument, take care of

Which of the things mentioned in the text in Ex. 3 do you do with your family? Do they help? Why/Why not?

I share free-time activities and hobbies with my family because it's fun and makes us closer.

Interview your classmates about the best ways to develop family relationships. Choose the ten most popular ideas and prepare a short presentation for International Day of Families.





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- STUDENT'S BOOK
  WITH DIGI APP
- WORKBOOK & GRAMMAR BOOK (WITH STEAM ACTIVITIES) STUDENT'S WITH DIGI APP



- TEACHER'S BOOK
- WORKBOOK & GRAMMAR BOOK (WITH STEAM ACTIVITIES) TEACHER'S WITH DIGI APP
- AUDIO (DOWNLOADABLE)
- TESTS & TEACHER'S RESOURCE MATERIAL (DOWNLOADABLE)
- DIWB



CEFR Level	A1	A2	A2+	B1	B1+	B2	B2+	C1/C2



